Pacific Gas and Electric Company Annual Public Safety Briefing

August 28, 2024



Topics for Discussion

- **1** Safety Governance
- 2 Safety Management System and Progress
- **3** Safety Performance
- **4** Safety Culture Assessment
- 5 Wildfire Safety
- **6** Gas Safety Performance
- 7 Lessons Learned

PG&E Participants

Cheryl F. Campbell

Chair of the Board of Pacific Gas and Electric Company and Chair, Safety and Nuclear Oversight Committee

Sumeet Singh

Executive Vice President, Operations and Chief Operating Officer

Matt Hayes

Vice President, Enterprise Health and Safety and Chief Safety Officer

Safety Governance



Safety Governance

Safety governance is embedded at the highest levels of the company, with direct involvement from the Board of Directors and the Safety and Nuclear Oversight (SNO) Committee. Safety performance informs our decision-making and recommendations.

Board of Directors 15 members

- Supports and approves oversight of safety metrics tied to executive compensation
- Reviews annual performance



We have not altered our governance structure since successfully standing it up in 2021

SNO Committee 6 members

- Committee members share more than 100 years of Safety Governance experience
- Reviews safety, risk and operational performance and results of cause evaluations
- Provides feedback to our management for action
- Independent, with deep expertise in wildfire safety, prevention, mitigation, emergency response and management, workforce and public safety, natural gas systems, risk management, cyber security and nuclear and non-nuclear generation safety

PG&E's Board of Directors

The knowledge and experience of our Board of Directors improves and informs safety outcomes.

Key areas of experience include:

- Financial planning, performance and literacy
- Public policy
- Customer experience and community leadership
- Workforce and public safety
- Audit
- Technology and cybersecurity
- Leadership in energy and utility industry
- Engineering, procurement and construction
- Clean energy innovation and technology

- Climate change mitigation and resilience
- Natural gas transmission, distribution, operation and safety
- Utility operation and engineering
- Wildfire safety, preparedness, prevention, mitigation, response and recovery
- Nuclear and non-nuclear generation safety
- Federal and state-wide emergency management
- Risk management



How we're engaging:

- Conducting field visits to bolster engagement
- Encouraging safety learnings from other industries
- Promoting mentorship between Board of Directors and executives to foster growth and continuous improvement
- Engaging in cyber exercises to mitigate evolving risk landscape

Safety Management System and Progress



Enterprise-Wide Safety Management System

Our Safety Management System provides the strategic framework to create "fail safe capacity" and builds our safety standards and capabilities for coworkers, with safety culture as its foundation.



Reduces individual errors and manages defenses

PG&E Safety Excellence Management System (PSEMS)

Provides standards for running our organization safely

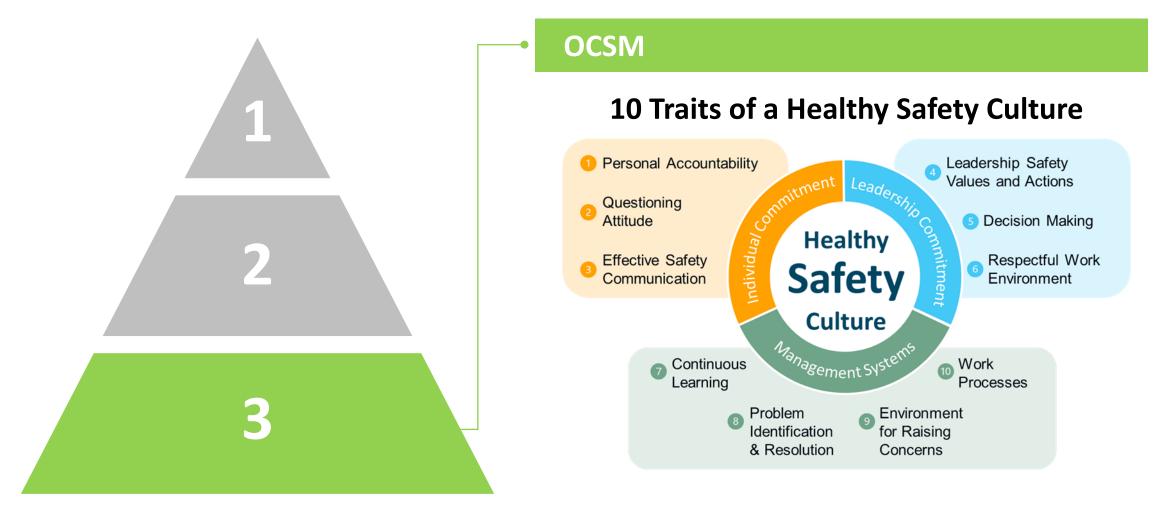


Organizational Culture and Safety Mindset (осsм)

Outlines safe behaviors and expectations for our coworkers and contract partners

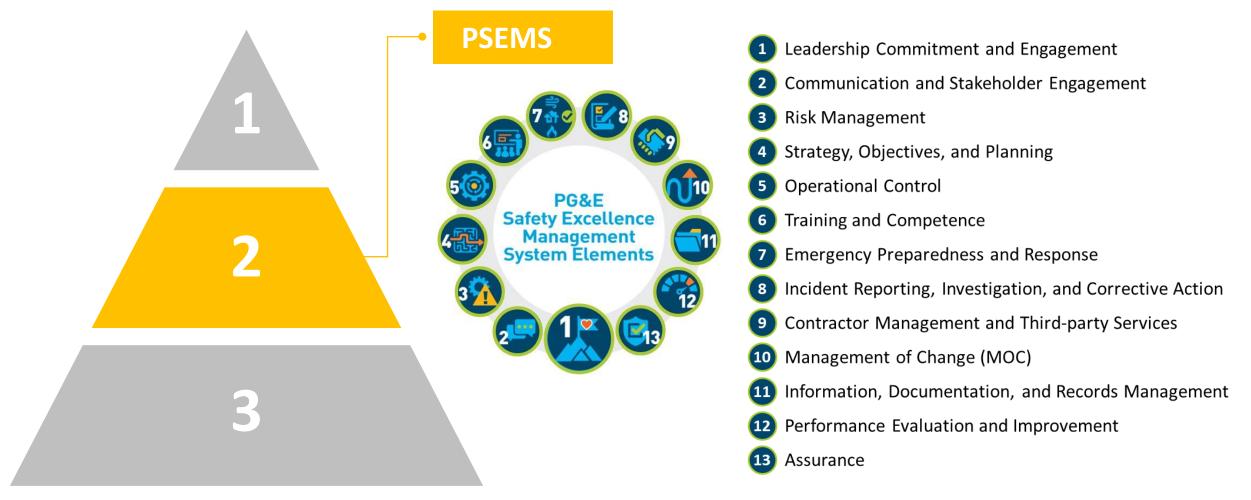
Organizational Culture and Safety Mindset (OCSM)

We focus on 10 key traits of a healthy safety culture that promote our organizational culture and the behaviors and attitudes expected from our coworkers and contract partners.



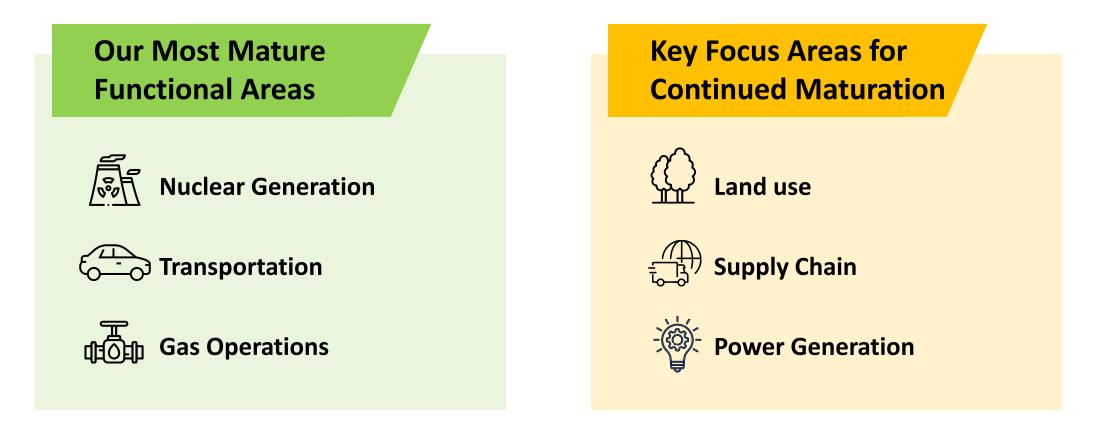
PG&E Safety Excellence Management System (PSEMS)

PSEMS is a structured management system that follows an annual cycle of "Plan, Do, Check, Act" to achieve continuous improvement and ensure "opportunities to fail safely" for our people, assets and the public.



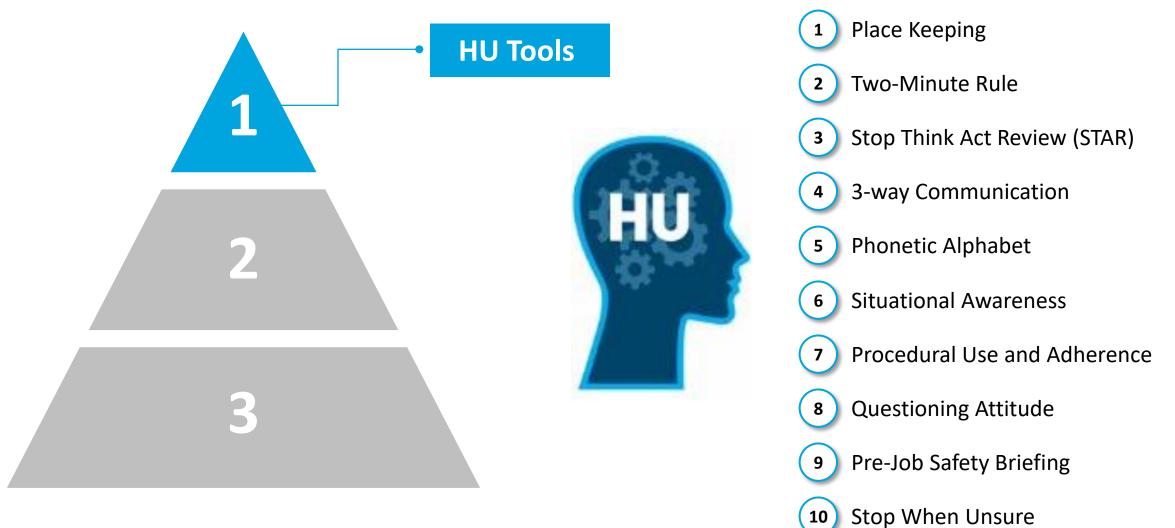
Working to Mature PSEMS

By implementing PSEMS, we are establishing a baseline for continuous improvement. Our annual management reviews provide an opportunity to assess the maturity of each element to meet PSEMS expectations and mitigate safety risks.



Human Performance (HU) Tools

Our HU Tools reduce coworker and contract partner mistakes by identifying and helping us mitigate the causes of human errors.



Some of the measures included in this presentation are contemplated as additional precautionary measures intended to further reduce the risk of wildfires.

Reviewing and Learning from the Boeing Report

We took immediate action to proactively review the Boeing report and identify similar areas for improvement.

In the first quarter of 2024, an expert panel reviewed safety performance at Boeing, resulting in 27 findings and 53 recommendations. They highlighted deficiencies in safety culture, safety management system, organizational structure and other safety-related issues.

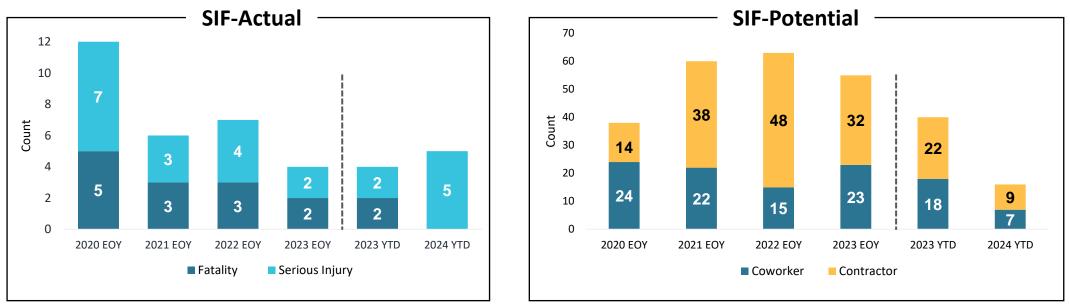
Assessments	SMS Roles and	Change	Build Safety and Quality
(Plan-Do-Check-Act)	Responsibilities	Management	Into the Work
Dedicate and develop company resources to conduct ongoing, periodic and thorough safety assessments, including on safety culture and PSEMS.	Ensure all coworkers understand their role in PSEMS.	Ensure all coworkers follow a consistent change management process for design, supplier, procedures, training, organizational and other changes.	Design of new/revised systems must have engineering controls built into the design, followed closely by safety assurance and quality control to verify design effectiveness.

Safety Performance



Serious Incidents and Fatalities (SIF)

SIF metrics are key indicators used by our Board of Directors, SNO Committee and leadership to track safety. We continuously review performance to improve safety.



Performance:

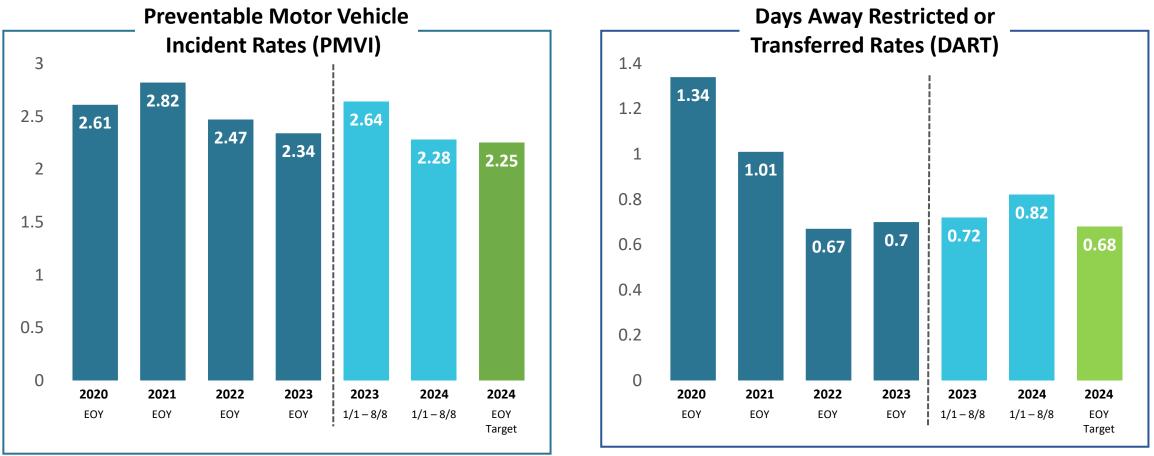
Data as of August 15, 2024

- Five coworkers have been involved in serious, non-fatal SIF-Actual incidents YTD; two fatalities and two non-fatal serious injuries occurred in 2023
- Seven coworkers and nine contract partners have been involved in SIF-Potential incidents YTD; 18 coworkers and 22 contractors were involved in incidents in 2023
- Motion, gravity, electrical and mechanical incidents are the primary drivers for SIF actuals and potentials YTD

In mid-2020, Contractors were required to start reporting SIF-Potential events. SIF-Actual: A life-threatening or life-altering injury, or a fatality. SIF-Potential: An event that reasonably could have resulted in a SIF-Actual. Lower is better. Some of the measures included in this presentation are contemplated as additional precautionary measures intended to further reduce the risk of wildfires.

Preventable Motor Vehicle Incident (PMVI) and Days Away, Restricted, or Transferred (DART)

PMVI and DART are key safety performance indicators that inform leadership decision-making and recommendations.



<u>PMVI</u>: Number of incidents where a PG&E coworker could have but failed to take reasonable steps to prevent incident; rate based on 1,000,000 miles driven. <u>DART</u>: PG&E coworker injury that results in days away, restricted, or transferred duty; rate based on 200,000 hours worked. Data as of August 8, 2024

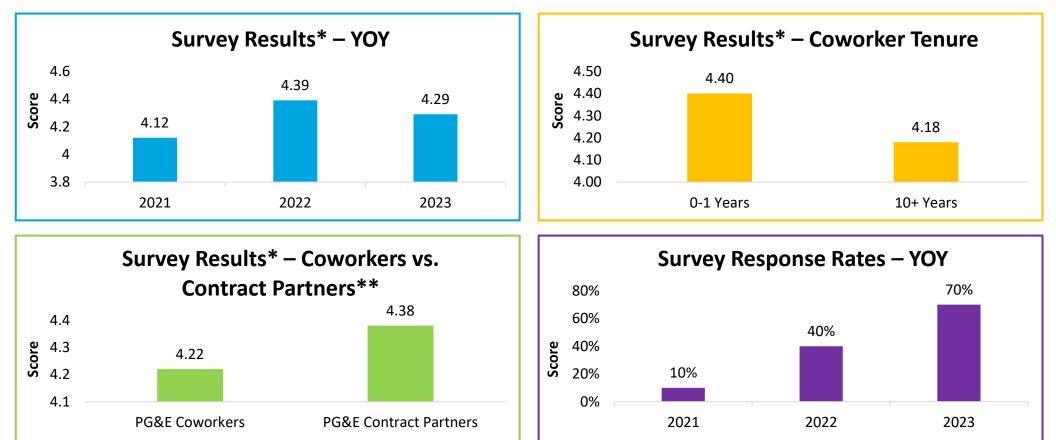
Safety Culture Assessment



Continuing to Mature our Safety Culture

We continue to grow and mature our safety culture following the 2023 Wildfire Safety Culture Assessment. Year-over-year, our survey responses ensure we capture accurate representations of coworker perceptions.

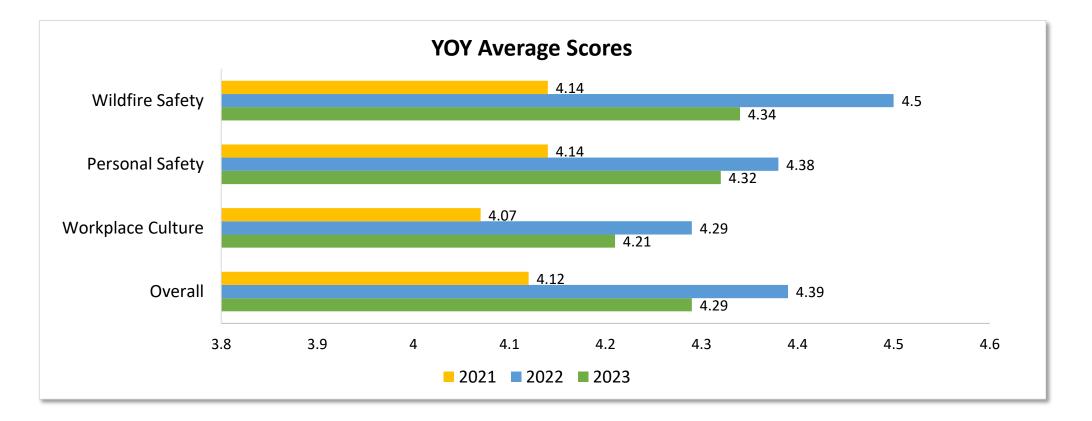
Coworker safety assessment, by year, tenure and worker status:



*Scores were based on a 5-point scale. **Average response score was 4.29

Some of the measures included in this presentation are contemplated as additional precautionary measures intended to further reduce the risk of wildfires.

As we enhance our speak-up culture, we are identifying best practices and opportunities for improvement, including capturing feedback from coworkers.



Making Progress on Recommendations

Out of the 30 survey statements, we saw improving scores for 24 statements. We received four recommendations from the remaining six statements and feedback from the focus group. We continue to make progress on these recommendations.

Recommendations	Progress	Utilizing Lean
Strengthen Safety Communications	 Implemented a Daily Safety Message shared across our 1,200+ Daily operating Reviews (DORs) Enhanced our Enterprise Health and Safety weekly newsletter to focus on critical and topical safety and health information Held a leadership listening session in advance of Enterprise Safety Week with additional sessions planned throughout the year 	Daily Operating Reviews (DOR) provide opportunities for safety escalations to make their way from the field to executives every morning.
Improve Safety Enabling Systems	 Established an Operations Safety Collaboration Center to focus on SIF prevention through hazard identification and improving safety culture Enabled Grassroots Safety Teams 	We utilize Tactical Implementation Plans (TIP) to
Build on Current Training Plan	 Expanded modalities and increasing hands-on training opportunities Developed additional training courses to improve preparedness 	track action completion and ensure effectiveness of recommendations.
Mitigate Public Interaction Risk Exposure	 Expanded use of Corporate Security Department resources and hostile customer de-escalation training for frontline coworkers 	

Wildfire Safety





Our 2023-2025 Wildfire Mitigation Plan (WMP) goals will help us make our stand that "Catastrophic Wildfires Shall Stop" a reality through our Layers of Protection.



Construct, maintain and operate our electrical lines and equipment in a manner that will **minimize the risk of catastrophic wildfires**.



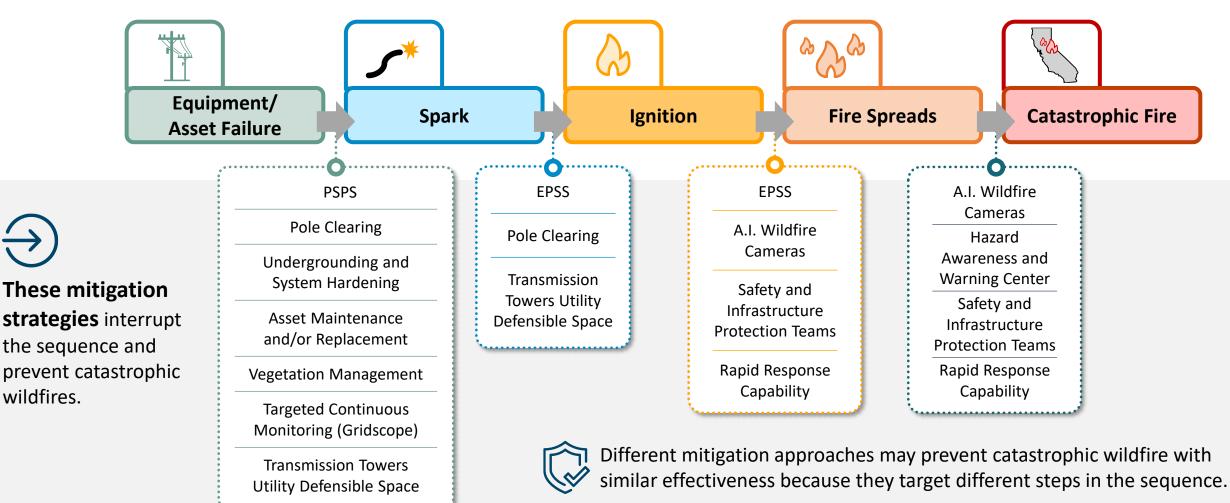
Implement programs to **limit customer disruption from our wildfire mitigation efforts**.



Continue to enhance our situational awareness and intelligence capabilities.

Interrupting the Wildfire Sequence

Utility-attributable fires follow a common sequence. At any given location, our approach provide insight as to which mitigation strategy will be most effective.



Wildfire Mitigation Plan Progress

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	2019-2023 PROGRESS	2019-2023 INVESTMENTS***	TARGET	YEAR-OVER-YEAR PROGRESS
Undergrounding Our Lines Undergrounding powerlines to reduce wildfires caused by equipment	664* MILES COMPLETED	\$2,105,278 TOTAL (in 1,000s)	250 MILES	Completed 664 914 Target 300 7 48 120 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024
System Hardening Strengthening our grid by installing stronger poles, covered powerlines and undergrounding	1,671** LINE MILES HARDENED	\$1,295,162 TOTAL (in 1,000s)	280 LINE MILES	1,671 1,951 1,224 1,671 1,951 188 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024
Sectionalizing Devices and Transmission Switches Separating the grid into smaller sections and narrowing the scope of Public Safety Power Shutoffs	1,427 DEVICES INSTALLED	\$333,525 TOTAL (in 1,000s)		899 1,209 1,351 1,427 241 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023
High-Definition Cameras **** Monitoring and responding to wildfires using artificial intelligence to increase visibility and improve wildfire suppression	602 CAMERAS INSTALLED	\$41,289 TOTAL (in 1,000s)		502 602 602 349 133 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023
Weather Stations**** Better predicting and responding to severe weather threats	1,424 STATIONS INSTALLED	\$35,709 TOTAL (in 1,000s)	CONTINUED OPTIMIZATION	1,313 1,424 1,424 1,005 627 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023

*Undergrounding represents projects completed as part of the 10,000-Mile Undergrounding Program, which began in 2021. Prior to the program's inception, an additional 47 miles of undergrounding were completed between 2019-2021. **Includes 16 System Hardening miles completed in 2018. ***2024 financial data is under validation. ****We are leveraging AI to improve capabilities and further optimization.

Some of the measures included in this presentation are contemplated as additional precautionary measures intended to further reduce the risk of wildfires.

In 2024, we plan to complete 250 miles



We have already made significant progress toward our annual goal of undergrounding 250 miles in 2024.

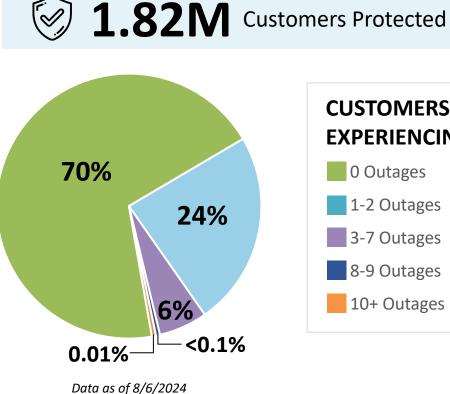


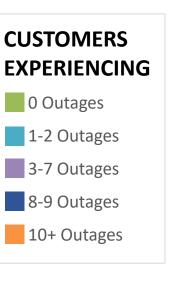
The 2024 thermometer is updated monthly at **pge.com/undergrounding**.

EPSS Performance: Protecting Customers

2024 EPSS Performance

Through real-time and continuous improvements, we are working to mitigate customer impacts without compromising the wildfire prevention benefits of EPSS.





We are continuously working to improve reliability and minimize customer impacts.

	2023 YTD	2024 YTD	Comparison
Circuit Miles Enabled*	~2.4M	~2.9M	21% increase
Number of Outages	841	1,229	46% increase
Avg. Outage Length	3.4 hours	2.5 hours	26% decrease
Avg. Customers Impacted per Outage	889 customers	835 customers	6% decrease

*Circuit mileage is approximate and leverages current device and circuit-level configuration. Data is approximate and as of 8/8/2024.

We are continuing to improve reliability for all customers protected by EPSS and taking additional actions for the most impacted customers.

We are targeting mitigation efforts on the most impacted devices. These include:

Signal Proactive animal mitigation consisting of bird retrofitting and critter abatement

Proactive expanded vegetation management work

Comprehensive reliability work focused on targeted circuit protection zones

S Installing innovative technology to quickly pinpoint outages to restore power faster

We have also expanded access to customer resiliency programs.

PSPS impacts have declined significantly through new, advanced technologies and improvements to the electric system infrastructure without impacting wildfire safety.

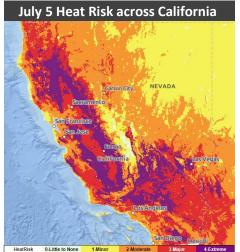
Event Details	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024 YTD
PSPS Events	8	6	5	0	2	2
Customers Impacted	2,014,000	653,000	80,400	-	5,099	2,055
Average Number of Counties Impacted	17	17	10	-	5	6
Average Number of Tribes Impacted	12	6	2	-	1	1
Average Outage Duration (hours)	43	35	31	-	17	27
Average Outage Restoration Time (hours)	17	10	12	-	5	4
Damage and Hazards	722	257	442	-	2	1
Peak Wind Gusts (MPH)	102	89	102	-	49	58

*Data is approximate and as of 08/02/24

Adapting in Real-Time to Evolving Wildfire Risk

We are taking immediate action to address increased wildfire risk. This includes continuing to identify data-driven mitigations to meet this evolving risk.

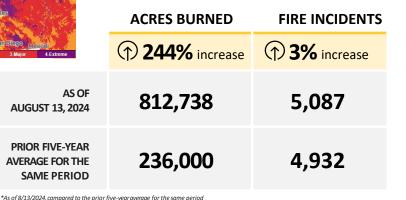
Our state is experiencing a significant increase in wildfire risk this year



The National Weather Service HeatRisk map shows "major" and "extreme" heat risk – shaded in red and purple, respectively – across most of California on Friday, July 5, 2024. (Map: National Weather Service)

This increase is due to:

- Historic heat
- 2023 rainfall leading to increased dry fuel
- High winds



We are taking immediate action to address this risk

We are continuing to proactively identify and implement solutions to mitigate this risk in addition to our existing layers of wildfire protection.

That work includes:

- Clearing vegetation at the base of ~50k additional poles, above compliance requirements
- Augmenting the existing A.I. camera network with 24 additional cameras to enhance situational awareness and aid suppression efforts
- Installing ~6,000 new Gridscope devices by August 31, bringing targeted monitoring to 10,000 locations

We are continuing to evaluate and determine
additional mitigations to address elevated wildfire risk.

Gas Safety Performance



Key Gas Improvements

We have demonstrated progress and continued focus on gas system safety since 2010, achieving industry-leading gains and process safety, asset management and technology capabilities.

Industry Recognitions and Certifications					
PAS 55/ ISO 55001	Best-in-Class Asset Management				
API RP 1173	Pipeline Safety Management Systems				
API RP 754	Process Safety Performance Indicators				
C Opened Sta	te-of-the-Art Facilities				
,	Gas Safety Academy				
	Winters				
	Gas Control Center				
	San Ramon				
	Gas Safety and Innovation				
	Dublin				

GAS ODOR RESPONSE TIMES	2010	2023	2024 YTD
Average response time in minutes	33.3	19.8	19.5
Percent response within 60 minutes	94.4%	99.7%	99.8%
SCADA VISIBILITY AND CONTROL POINTS			
Transmission pressures and flows	1,300	2,645	2,709
Transmission control points	870	976	976
Distribution pressures and flows	290	5,029	5,101
LEAK BACKLOG			
Grade 2 open leak average duration (Target: 150 days)	-	113 days	91 days
DIG-IN REDUCTION		- MM	
Third party gas dig-ins/1,000 USA tickets	3.5	0.98	0.83
GAS TRANSMISSION	2010	2011-2023	2011-24 YTD
Miles of pipeline replaced	9	>285	>285
Miles of pipeline strength tested	0	>1,614	>1,618
Miles of pipeline made piggable	130	>2,237	>2,273
Automated valves installed	0	405	408
GAS DISTRIBUTION	2010	2011-2023	2011-24 YTD
Miles of main replaced	27	>1,498	>1,578

2024 YTD data is approximate and through 7/31/2024

E Categories that are tracked against industry standards, and in which PG&E performed in the first quartile.

Some of the measures included in this presentation are contemplated as additional precautionary measures intended to further reduce the risk of wildfires.

Lessons Learned



2023-2024 Electric Lessons Learned

We continue to improve our electric operations based on lessons learned and benchmarking.

Technical Training	Risk Models	Measuring Targets	Preparedness and Response
Refresher Trainings	Utilizing Technologies	Improved Key	Threat Identification
Delivering refresher	Benchmarking wildfires and	Performance Indicators	Enhancing threat and
trainings, including those	respective fuel types to	(KPIs)	hazard assessments to
for rubber glove usage and	advance our Fire Potential	Utilizing KPIs to ensure	inform an improved
grounding, to ensure	Index (FPI) model.	that our targets provide	preparedness and response
coworkers are following		actionable insight.	posture.
safe procedures.			
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2020-2024 Gas Lessons Learned

We have made improvements to our gas operations based on lessons learned over the past five years.

CNG/LNG	Gas Distribution
 Developing A First Fill Policy: Following a third-party CNG-fueled tractor truck failure during its first fill, injuring the driver and damaging the tractor and station, we began reviewing customer vehicle information to ensure they have been fueled prior to filling at a PG&E station as a safety measure. 	 Distribution Integrity Management Program (DIMP): Reviewing data sources to identify new threats for inclusion in our DIMP risk assessment process. Causal Evaluations: Reviewing five year's worth of low-probability, high-consequence gas incidents to inform proactive, preventative work. These evaluations have led us to new pipe replacement intervals, inspection protocols and monitoring practices.
Gas Storage	Gas Transmission
 Risk-Based Reinspection Interval: Leveraging industry data and our integrity assessment to form the basis of our risk-based reinspection interval. 	 Threat Identification: Enhancing threat identification through improved algorithms, assessments and risk models. Threat Assessments: Evaluating additional risk factors and enabling leak or rupture failure mode to focus on our highest consequence pipeline segments. Utilizing Technologies: Preventing loss through in-line inspection tools,

Thank You



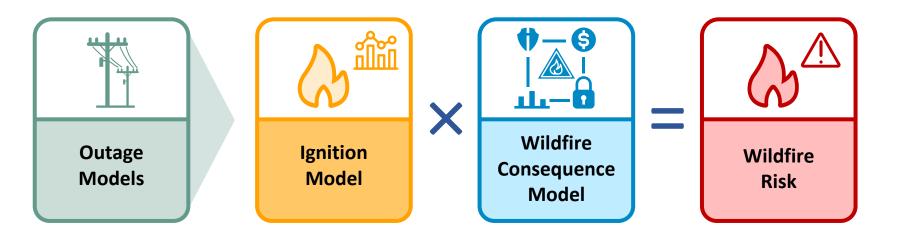
Appendix



Modeling Risk to Prioritize Safety Work

Risk modeling involves assessing the likelihood and impacts of potential wildfires to help us prevent them in the future.





By assessing the causes of outages and ignitions and the consequences of a wildfire starting, we're able to pinpoint risk across our assets and equipment.





How We Prioritize Our Wildfire Safety Efforts

Programs	Prioritization Approach	Estimated Cost (Per Year)	Reliability	Public Safety	Effectiveness*	2025 Cost Benefit Ratio (CBR)
EPSS**	 Capability implemented across all circuits in HFRA and adjacent buffer areas Used when wildfire risk is elevated 	• \$192M	 Lower reliability Improvements made year-over-year to improve reliability 	 Impact to Wildfire Risk: High Impact to Reliability AFN, customers 	~73%**	• 41.8
PSPS	 Capability across all circuits in HFRA Used when wildfire risk is elevated during high-wind days 	• \$59M	 Lower reliability Improvements made year-over-year to improve reliability 	 Impact to Wildfire Risk: High Impact to Reliability, AFN customers 	~79%	• 104
Undergrounding	 Targets riskiest 10,000 miles of 25,000 total HFRA miles Wildfire risk models with a feasibility overlay provide prioritization approach 	• \$1,168M	• Highest reliability	 Best benefits for system resiliency, public safety and reliability overall 	98%	• 4.4
Overhead Covered Conductor	 Targets the remaining 15,000 riskiest HFRA miles Wildfire risk models guide prioritization approach 	• \$241M	• Medium reliability	 Medium benefits for public safety and reliability overall 	64%	• 7.9
Vegetation Programs***	 Compliance-driven Wildfire risk models guide prioritization approach for hazard tree work 	 \$1,190M Ongoing cost that will increase over time 	• Limited reliability benefit	Limited public safety benefit	<0.1% - 15%	 0.7 – 6.8, depending upon VM program

*Based on the most accurate and current empirical data. **Includes benefits from Downed Conductor Detection and Partial Voltage Force Out.

***Includes VM Distribution Focused Tree Inspections, VM Distribution Operational Improvements, VM Tree Removal, Routine VM and Second Patrols.