BEAD Challenge Process: Working with Members of the Public to Submit Individual Challenges

How to encourage individual participation in the Challenge Process



Welcome

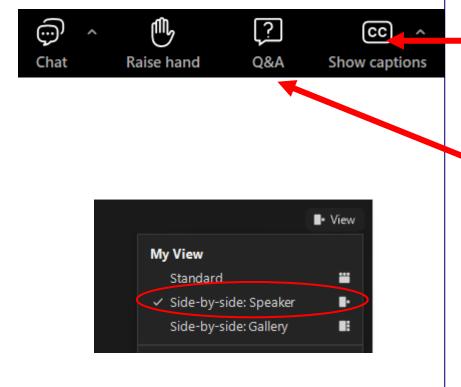
Laura Sasaki

Program and Project Supervisor
CPUC BEAD Branch

Agenda

- 1. Welcome
- 2. BEAD Overview
- 3. Challenge Process overview
- 4. Permissible challengers' role in the process
- 5. Portal access and challenge submission
- 6. How challengers can engage with individuals
- 7. Evidence required for individual challenges
- 8. Takeaways and next steps

Housekeeping



Tips for getting the most out of this webinar

- Closed Captions: English closed captions are available. Select "Show captions" on your toolbar. (Click the small arrow on the 'Show captions' button for more settings or to see a full transcript)
- Q&A: Please add your questions via the Q&A function and answers will be added to the FAQs on the BEAD Challenge Process webpage.
- **Select Side-by-Side: Speaker Mode** for the best viewing experience when slides are shared
- **Chat:** Keep an eye on the chat because we will use it to send useful links to you.

Who should be involved?

- The target audience for this presentation is local governments, Tribal
 governments, and nonprofit organizations who choose to submit challenges
 on behalf of individuals. According to federal rules these are the only entities
 that can submit challenges, alongside broadband service providers
- These groups have specific capabilities and responsibilities in the Challenge Process related to challenges, rebuttals, and facilitating individuals' participation
- When preregistering in the Challenge Portal you must select the option to submit individual challenges
- Though broadband service providers are permissible challengers, they cannot submit challenges on behalf of individuals

Why is this important?

- The Challenge Process is the only opportunity for entities to propose changes to the FCC National Broadband Map in terms of locations eligible for BEAD funding
- BEAD funding is unprecedented; California is allocated \$1.86 billion for broadband infrastructure
- Once the final map is approved, only those areas identified as eligible will receive funding for last-mile infrastructure
- The ultimate goal is to get high-speed connectivity to all broadband serviceable locations

BEAD overview

Joanne Hovis

President

CTC Technology and Energy

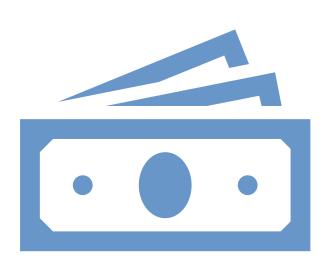
BEAD Overview



What is the BEAD Program?

- The Broadband Equity, Access, and Deployment (BEAD) Program was created by the bipartisan Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) in 2021
- Allocates \$42.45 billion of federal funding to all 50 states, Washington D.C., and territories
- Administered by the National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA)
- Goal of expanding high-speed internet access through infrastructure deployment

Funding priority



How will BEAD funding be prioritized?

- 1. Top priority: Unserved areas (locations with internet speeds below 25/3 Mbps)
- 2. Second priority: Underserved areas (locations with speeds between 25/3 and 100/20 Mbps)
- 3. Third priority: Community anchor institutions (those with internet service under 1 Gbps symmetric)

The BEAD Program requires the state to deliver service to all unserved and underserved areas.

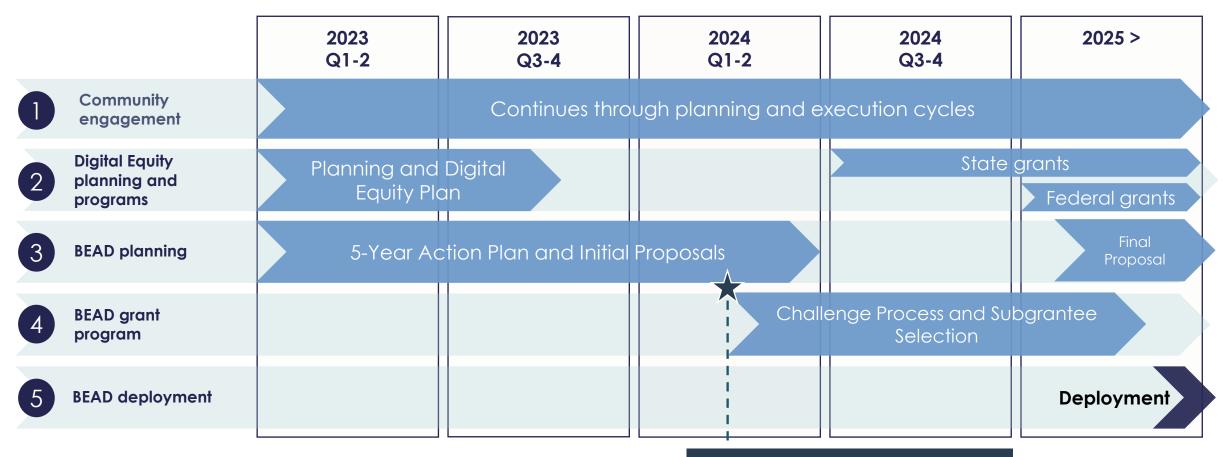
The BEAD Program in California

In June 2023, California was allocated \$1.86 billion in BEAD funds that will become available following completion of the federal planning and approval cycle.

The CPUC has submitted to the federal government the Five-Year Action Plan and Initial Proposal Volumes I & II.

BEAD Planning Challenge Process, followed by grant program Deployment 2023 2024 2025

Overall BEAD status and timeline



BEAD Challenge Process overview

Joanne Hovis

President

CTC Technology and Energy

Purpose



What is the BEAD Challenge Process?

- The Challenge Process will determine locations and community anchor institutions within the state that are eligible for BEAD funding
- It must confirm whether existing data is correct about which areas lack adequate internet service
- Challengers offer input on whether specific locations are not accurately reported in the datasets and therefore should be eligible for BEAD funding

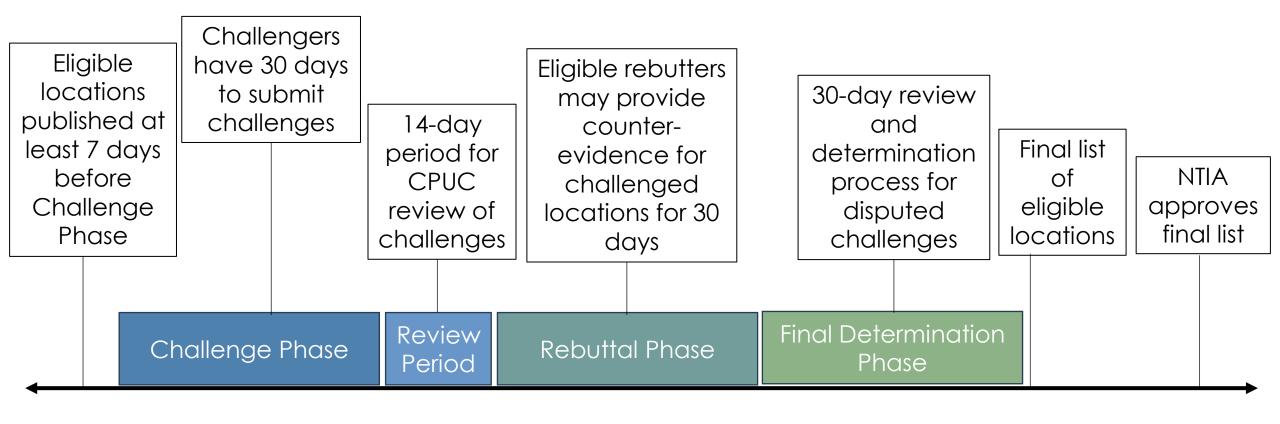
Relevance



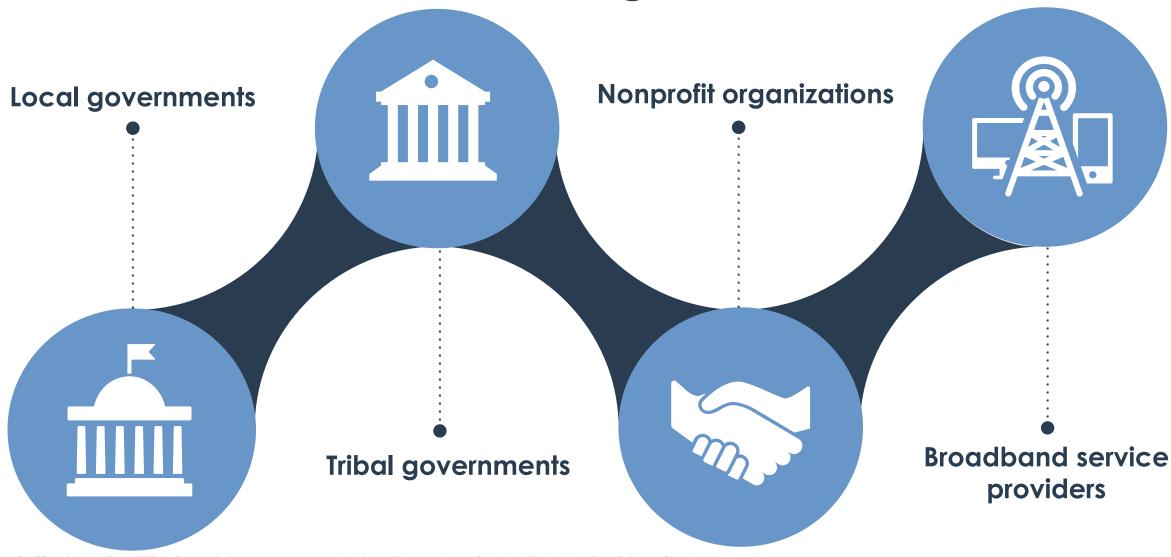
Why is the BEAD Challenge Process so important?

- It will determine eligibility for BEAD funding (which totals \$1.86 billion in California)
- It is the single best chance to correct the FCC's Broadband Data Map
- You can advocate for your community by providing evidence that it is unserved or underserved
- The improved data will help the BEAD Program and future programs allocate funding to the areas that need it most

Timeline of events



Who can submit a challenge?



Can individuals participate?



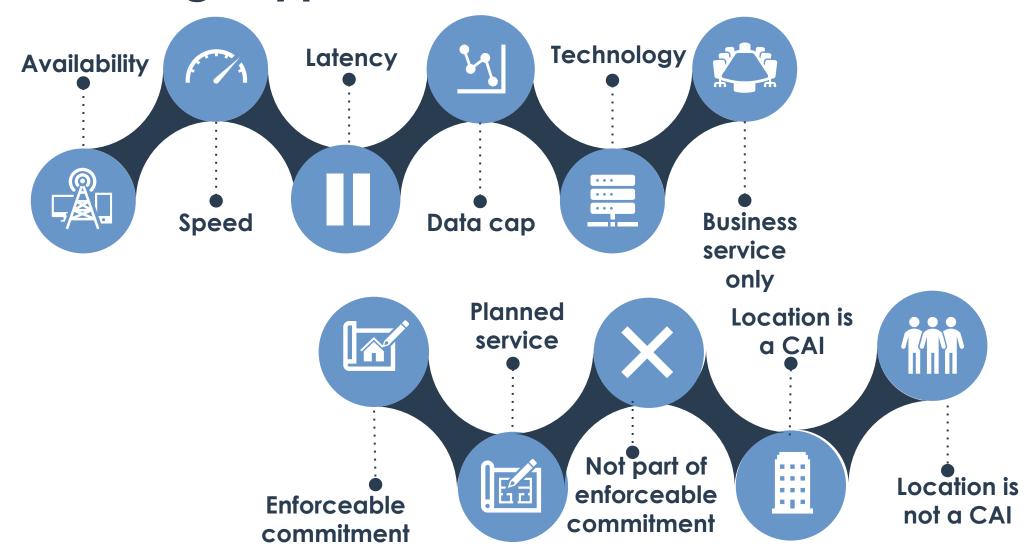
- While NTIA requirements don't allow individuals to submit challenges directly, they can gather and submit evidence for permissible challengers to submit on their behalf to the CPUC
- Later in this presentation, we will explain how individuals can work with and submit evidence to permissible challengers

What can be challenged?



- Internet availability and other specifications (including speed, latency, data caps, and technology)
- Community anchor institution eligibility and identification
- Enforceable commitments
- Planned service

Challenge types



Area and Multi-Dwelling Unit (MDU) challenges

Area and MDU challenges can apply for the following challenge types:

- Availability
- Speed
- Latency
- Data cap
- Technology

- If enough challenges are submitted in a particular area or building, all the locations in that area or MDU become challenged and the provider must show they are sufficiently served
- Area challenges are triggered if six or more broadband serviceable locations using a specific technology and reportedly served by a single broadband service provider within a census block group are challenged
- MDU challenges are triggered if challenges are submitted for one unit for MDUs with less than 15 units, two units for MDUs of between 16 and 24 units, and at least three units for larger MDUs

What is your role in the Challenge Process as a permissible challenger?

Joanne Hovis

President

CTC Technology and Energy

Permissible challengers

According to NTIA's requirements, local governments, Tribal governments, nonprofits, and broadband service providers:

- Have full access to the Challenge Portal once registered
- Can submit challenges for specific locations using approved evidence types
- Can rebut challenges

Some permissible challengers (local governments, Tribal governments, and nonprofits) can engage individuals on evidence submission

Most common individual evidence types will be for 'Availability' and 'Speed' challenges

Note: Permissible challengers will benefit from actively engaging during the CPUC's outreach to understand the timeline, acceptable evidence, and the Challenge Portal. Individuals will not be able to register for the Challenge Portal.

Permissible challengers must also register to submit challenges on behalf of individuals

SECTION 2 OF 2 English (English) **Organizational Information** California Public **Utilities Commission** Home Please type your EIN Are you interested in submitting challenges on behalf of residents? Welcome to California's BEAD **Challenge Portal** Address Line 2 Challenge the map to ensure BEAD funding goes where it is most needed and bring affordable, reliable, high-speed * City broadband across California. We encourage all Local Governments, Tribal Governments, Nonprofits, and Broadband Service Providers to participate in * State the Challenge Process! **Register Now** * Zip Learn More → Please submit any additional documentation to validate your organization's identity Please compress to .zip all files over 20MB in size. Total file upload size capped at 20MB

Register For The BEAD Challenge Process

Sample challenges

Per NTIA, all permissible challengers can submit all types of challenges

- **Example**: A nonprofit submits a '**Speed**' challenge claiming a specific location that the FCC Map shows as 'served' has speeds of 10/3 Mbps, using approved speed tests as evidence.
- **Example**: A Tribal government submits an '**Availability**' challenge to demonstrate that a location that the FCC Map shows as 'served' is not served by that provider. The Tribal government submits a letter from the provider denying a service request as evidence.

Each type of challenge has its own evidentiary requirements. Please see the <a href="https://www.ntice.no.new.ntice.no.new.ntice.no.new.ntice.no.new.ntice.no.new.ntice.no.new.ntice.no.new.ntice.ne

Portal Access and challenge submission

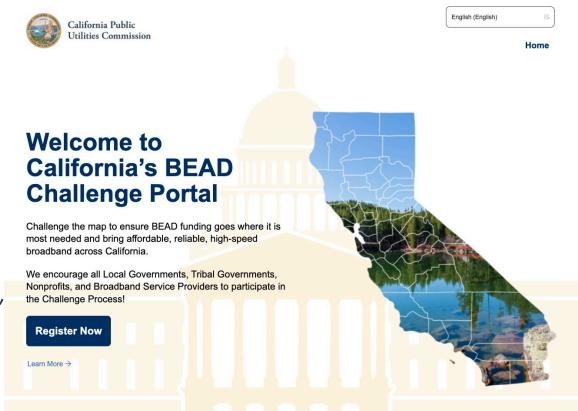
Clayton Wooley

Director of Technical Strategy

Ready.net

Registration for the Challenge Portal for permissible challengers

- Visit <u>register.challenge.cpuc.ca.gov</u> and select 'Register Now'
- 2. Fill out the form of **basic information** about your organization
- 3. Select to submit challenges and evidence on individuals' behalf
- 4. Fill out information specific to your organization type (local government, Tribal government, nonprofit)
- 5. Select 'Finish'
- 6. Receive **approval** and email to **set up account**

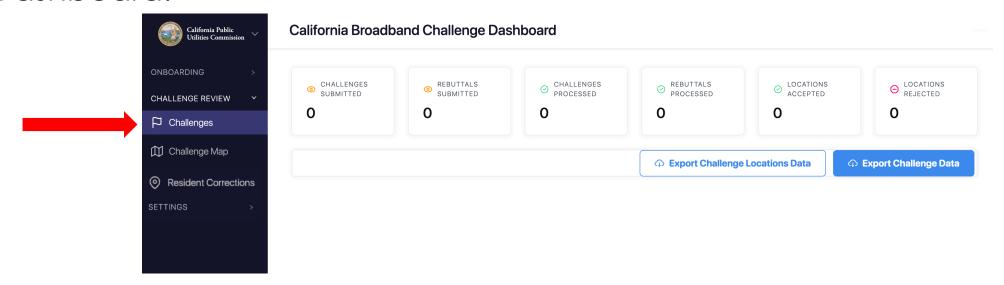


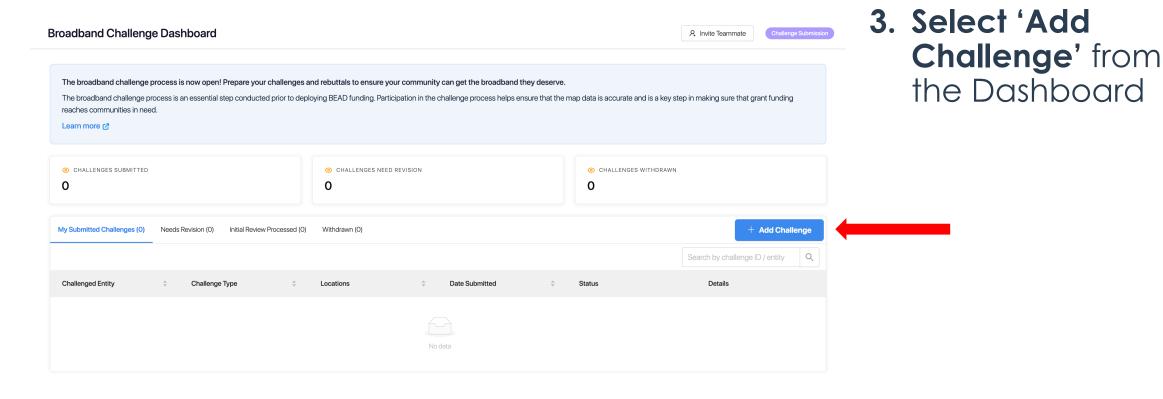
Application for CostQuest Tier E Fabric License

- Tier E license is for local governments, Tribal governments, and nonprofits and while not required, is strongly recommended.
- The Challenge Portal is based on the FCC Fabric, a dataset of all locations that can receive broadband service
- The Portal displays each of these locations but the actual address data is not downloadable (instead, it only allows export of Location IDs)
- With the CostQuest Tier E Fabric License, you can take a Location ID number from the Portal and pair it with the address it is associated with
- Find out more on the <u>NTIA website</u> and register <u>here</u>
 - You will need an FCC Registration Number (FRN) to register

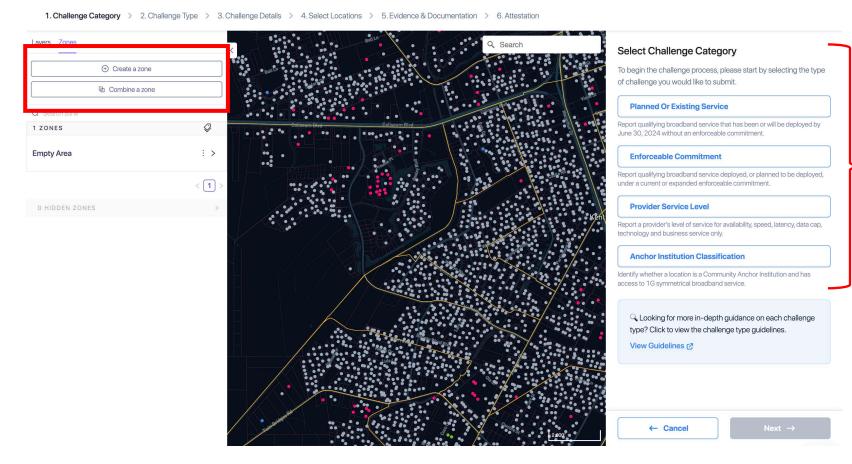
Tip: Apply early - it may take time for the application to be processed

- 1. Log in to the Challenge Portal Users can log in using email/password combo or use a "Magic Link" which sends an email with a link to log-in directly without a password.
- 2. Select 'Challenge' Item in the Navigation Menu The display will show the Dashboard.





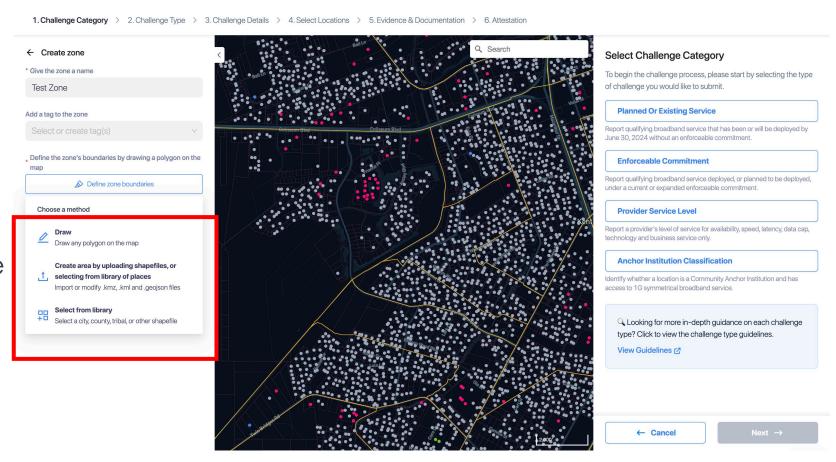
← Create a Challenge



- Select either 'Dashboard' or 'Challenge Map'
 - This is a view of the Challenge Map
- 5. Select 'Challenge Category'
- 6. Define a zone

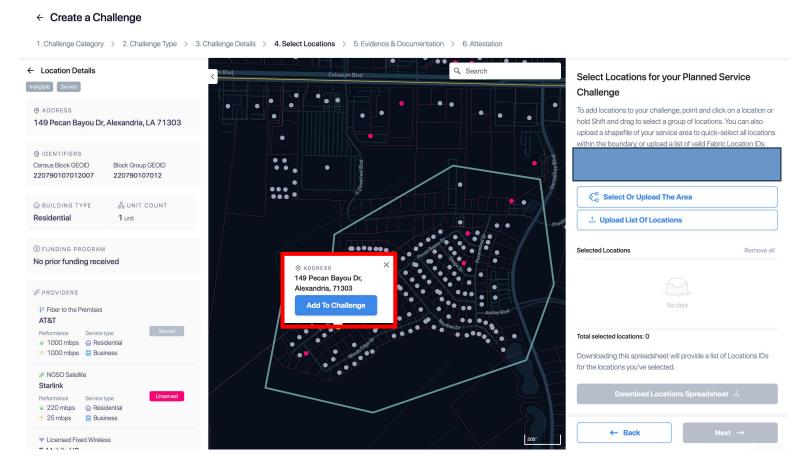
← Create a Challenge

- 7. Define the zone boundaries by:
 - a) drawing boundaries on the map
 - b) uploading shapefiles
 - c) selecting from the shapefile library



8. You can add a location by selecting it and then selecting 'Add to challenge'

Add multiple
locations by using
Shift + Click + Drag
or uploading an
area you defined
or a list of Fabric
IDs



- 9. **Upload Evidence and Documentation** Upload the required evidence for the challenge you're submitting. For challenges that may require you to provide separate evidence files per location, you will be prompted to download a .csv file with the selected locations.
- 10. **Attestation** Confirm that, to the best of your knowledge and belief, the challenge is true, complete, and accurate.

How to view and submit individuals' submitted evidence

- You as a permissible challenger will be able to view, evaluate,
 and submit evidence from individuals through the Portal
- The process will involve the following steps:
 - Select an individual's submitted evidence visible to you through the Portal
 - 2. View details of the challenge, including location and type of challenge
 - 3. Review the evidence attachments to evaluate that it substantiates the challenge
 - 4. Select to submit the evidence and it will automatically populate a challenge submission and be sent as a challenge

Rebut challenges

- Broadband service providers are the only entities that can rebut challenges to their service
 - **Example**: A challenge is submitted with evidence showing 30/5 Mbps service in an area that the FCC Map claims is 'served' (i.e., 100/20 Mbps or more). Only the broadband service provider that provides the relevant service can rebut, for example by providing a countervailing speed test from their internal network management system showing speeds of 100/20 Mbps or more.
- All permissible challengers can rebut 'Planned service' and 'Enforceable commitment' challenges and CAIs may rebut challenges related to their service or status
- Once a challenge is rebutted, the CPUC will analyze the evidence submitted and issue a final determination at the end of the Challenge Process

How permissible challengers can engage with individuals

Joanne Hovis

President

CTC Technology and Energy

Engage with individuals on evidence submission

- Permissible challengers—especially local governments, Tribal governments, and nonprofits—are encouraged to engage with individuals and review their evidence for challenges
- Why choose to engage with individuals' evidence submissions?
 - Expand the amount of evidence you can draw upon for challenges
 - Empower members of the public to make a change to broadband data
 - Advocate for your community
- Permissible challengers can:
 - Promote participation in the Challenge Process to their community
 - Collect evidence from individual submitters through the Challenge Portal
 - Submit evidence on individuals' behalf as long as it meets evidentiary standards

Individuals in the Challenge Process

What they can do

- Upload evidence to make it available to permissible challengers through a publicly available site, including:
 - Speed tests
 - Availability evidence
 - Other evidence regarding provider service

What they can't do

- Submit a challenge to the CPUC
- Register in the Challenge Portal
- Rebut challenges
- View challenge status in real time

Community engagement

Permissible challengers may want to run significant community planning and mobilization to individual through **outreach campaigns** via:

- Email
- Physical mail
- Phone calls
- Webinars







The CPUC will provide outreach materials to permissible challengers in a toolkit

Community outreach campaigns



Campaigns by permissible challengers should offer community members with relevant information about the Challenge Process, such as:

- How to conduct speed tests
- How to provide results to the entity submitting the challenge

The CPUC will provide outreach materials to permissible challengers in a toolkit

What is in the toolkit for permissible challengers?

To conduct outreach to individuals during the Challenge Process, the CPUC will provide permissible challengers with:

- Customizable slides to conduct training sessions
- Video of training session for individuals
- A recording of this webinar
- Flyers and handouts in PDF format







Evidence required for individual challenges

Joanne Hovis

President

CTC Technology and Energy

Minimum level of evidence to submit a challenge

The challenge portal will verify whether a challenge meets certain requirements:

- Address provided for challenge is a Broadband Serviceable Location and can be found in the Fabric (dataset showing all locations where fixed broadband is or could be deployed)
- Challenged service is on the National Broadband Map and meets the definition of reliable broadband service (service accessible via fiber-optic technology, cable modem/hybrid fiber-coaxial technology, digital subscriber line (DSL) technology, or terrestrial fixed wireless technology with entirely licensed spectrum or a hybrid of licensed and unlicensed spectrum)
- Email address used to send challenge can be verified and is reachable (by sending confirmation message to email listed)
- If scanned images are used, the quality must be good enough to allow for optical character recognition (conversion of image with text into a machine-readable text format)

Common challenge types

Individuals may submit evidence for the following types of challenges:

- Availability
- Speed
- Latency
- Data cap
- Technology
- Business service only



The most common types for individuals are Availability and Speed



Important factors for permissible challengers to remember

- Review the evidence necessary for the challenge type
 - Check that all required information is represented in evidence, the median is correct for speed tests, the submitter subscribes to at least 100/20 Mbps for speed tests, and that each evidence attached is the right file for the challenge
 - Challenges with inaccurate or insufficient evidence will not be accepted
- Submit evidence before the end of the Challenge Phase
 - The 30-day Challenge Phase will require quick action
 - Early submission allows more time for communications with individual submitters to correct any errors

Note: specific evidentiary requirements for individuals are included in the customizable presentation for individuals

The CPUC is focused on transparency

The CPUC will post **all submitted challenges and rebuttals** before final challenge determinations are made including:

- The unit of local or Tribal government, nonprofit or broadband service provider that submitted the challenge
- The census block group containing the challenged broadband serviceable location(s)
- The challenged party
- The type of challenge
- A summary of the challenge (including if the challenged party submitted a rebuttal)

Note: CPUC will not post any personally identifiable information about individuals providing evidence

Takeaways

Laura Sasaki

Program and Project Supervisor CPUC BEAD Branch

The bigger picture

- BEAD is a once-in-a-generation investment in the nation's broadband infrastructure
- Success of BEAD hinges upon the CPUC receiving the most updated,
 conclusive data about broadband availability
- Your participation in the Challenge Process will show the CPUC locations of potential concern
- May also help influence what funding opportunities after BEAD will look like and where potential future CPUC efforts should be directed

Upcoming webinars

Webinars are open to all who wish to attend, and registration links will be posted on the <u>BEAD Events</u> page.

DATE/TIME	TOPIC
May 23, 2024 10-11:00a.m. PST	Office Hours
May 30, 2024 10-11:00a.m. PST	Office Hours
June 6, 2024 10 -11:00a.m. PST	Office Hours
Date to be announced	Challenge Process for Broadband Service Providers

Next Steps



Ways to Prepare to Participate in the Challenge Process

- Attend a webinar and <u>register for office hours</u>
- Pre-register to submit a challenge
 - * Are you interested in submitting challenges on behalf of residents?

 Yes
- Request a CostQuest License
 - Tier D
 - <u>Tier E</u>
- Sign up for email updates and news
- Conduct community outreach to promote public participation in the challenge process using the CPUC provided toolkit

Questions?

If you have questions about the Challenge Portal or need technical assistance, please email <u>cahelpdesk@ready.net</u>.

For general questions about the BEAD Program in California, please email the CPUC BEAD team at BEAD@cpuc.ca.gov.



For more information visit:

<u>The CPUC's BEAD Page</u> – general program information

<u>CPUC BEAD Challenge Process</u> – Challenge Process information

BEAD Frequently Asked Questions – answers to your BEAD questions



Thank you!

We appreciate your attendance and your questions. We hope to see you at future webinars!



California Public Utilities Commission